sufficient number to form a quorum, they were not able on that day to effect their purpose. On the next day, all the members having arrived, except those whose attendance was prevented by sickness; the house met, and as soon as by the appointment of a speaker and clerk, it was sufficiently organized to take cognizance of the case, a petition was presented from Henry Fellows, claiming the seat occupied by Peter Allen; accompanied by certified copies of the returns made by every inspector of election, in every town in the county of Onterio, proving conclusively, that the claim was well founded: The friends of the administration being determined, that the right of Mr. Allen to his sear, should not be inquired into until by his assistance, they had consummated their designs, concerning the council of appointment, refused during that day, to permit the petition to be read.

But on a subsequent day, the petition and the documents which accompanied it, having been read, & brought formally before the house, the members attached to the administration, resolved to postpone the consideration of them, and in the meantime to elect a courcil of appointment. This resolution, they carried into effect, by the aid of Mr. Allen's vote, without which, they had not a majority; and to this end they permitted him, in viclation of law, justice, and we may add, of decency, to defeat by his own voice, an inquiry into the validity of his own election. A democratic council was elected by a majority of one vote, and that vote was Mir. Allen's.

This point having been gained, the speaker nominated a committee of privileges and elections, consisting of three members of principles opposed to our own, and .wo of our number; to whom the petition of Mr. Fellows was referred, and who. on the day after the reference, and on no other evidence than the documents which had been read before the house, unanimously reported, that Mr. Allen had no right to his seat; which report was ratified by the house, with only one dissenting voice. We subjoin a copy of this report for your information.

If proceedings like these are to be tolerated, it is obvious that any party which happens to be in power may enable themselves to hold it in contempt of the will of the people. It will only be necessary to appoint clerks of counties, who will give the necessary certificates, to a sufficient number of the partizans of the party, the holders of the certificates may by their own votes postpone inquiry into the legality of them and elect a council, who will preserve the clerks in of fice; and thus while the mere forms of the constitution are preserved, the whole government will in fact be vested in the hands of a few, and the rights of the people destroy-

In the judgment of many, whose opinions merit respect, it was our duty, when we perceived that reason and argument were impotent to withstand the lust of office, and the madness of faction, to have seceded from the house. As a quarum coul not have been formed without us, the Egislature would then have been dissolved, and the usurpation we have exposed prevented.

This expedient was not unthought of-It was deliberately and mature. ly considered; and it was not rejected because we were less sensible than others to the violation which has been committed on the constitution; or to the contempt which has been manifested, as well of the understandings, as of the rights of our constituents.

But we reflected that, if the people were blind to their own interests, and regardless of their own birth-rights, no effort of ours could preserve them-That if on the contrary they telt as they ought, as we had no doubt they would feel, the insult as well as injury that was offered to them, the evil would be of short continuance-And that depriving the state of its legislature, while it left the same party in pow er whose machinations it was intended to defeat, would expose both the public and individuals to seri-.. ous inconvenience, and would form a precedent of dangerous tendency. and by inflaming party animosities, prevent that dispassionate consideration which we wished to solicit in regard to the proceedings of ourselves and our opponents.

If, however, we have erred, we console ourselves with reflecting, that it was on the side of moderati-

thents alone, did not amount to a on, and we have exemplified the principles on which we always acted by setting an example of forbearance and temper, and by sacrificing all other considerations to the peace and tranquility of the state.

How far our conduct or that of our opponents is deserving of approbation, and whether the latter is to become a precedent to be followed in future, and produce the momentons result which in that case must necessarily follow, are questions for the people to decide, and to you fellow-citizens, we submit them. J. I. Ostrander, Peter A. Jay, M. Freligh,

Andrew Morris.

Ed. W. Laight, Jesse Smith, Thos. C. Taylor, J. Schoolcraft, Joseph Bayley, Steph. Carman, Danl. Kissum, Philip Brasher, Aug. Wynkoop, Wm. Jones, Jas. Palmer, S. Whittemore, Roswell Weston Michael Harris, David Russell, Benj. Isaacs, Wm. Requa, John Reid, T. I. Oakley, Stephenson, Wm. Hamilton, Jno. B. Vanwyck Isaac Smith, Z. Hoffman, N. Christie, Wm. A. Duer, N. Kimball, las. Powers, W. Woodward.

Jac. Roggen, E. G. Rawson, R. Van-Horne, J. R. V. Renssalaer, John Whiting, E. S. Jackson, N. Hall, jun. Oliver Brown, Jas. Vanderpool, H. Hopkins, H. Knikerbacker Wm. Campbell, S. Milliman, I). E. Gregory, S. I. M. Chestney l'homas Lee, Job. Greene, Myron Holley, Jas. Lynch, R. Sprague, Rd. Sanger, Israel Chapin, R. Morrison, Alexa. Kelsey. Isaac Brayton, I. Curtis. M. Whiting.

Report of the Committee of Elections

in the case of Feter Alten. "That your committee have investigated the claim of Mr. Fellows, to be admitted to his seat, as a member of the house, in the place of Peter Allen, who was returned by the clerk of Ontario, as duly elected; that Mr. Allen and Mr. Fellows, according to notice given to that effect, appeared before your committee to enforce their respective claims; that, from the documents referred to your committee, the following facts are fully and clearly proved, and were not controverted or denied by Mr. Allen: that at the last anniversary election for members in the town of Perrington, in the county of Ontario, fortynine votes were given for Henry Fellows, by his name printed in full length: the votes were duly canvassed by the inspectors of election, and duplicate certificates made according to the act, one of which was regularly filed in the clerk's office, of that town, in which the name of the said Henry Fellows was written at full length, but in the certificate made by the said inspectors, and filed in the clerk's office of the county of Ontario, the christian name of the said Henry Fellows, was written with the abbreviation of Hen. Fellows: that in calculating and ascertaining the number of votes, giv en for the said Henry Fellows, the clerk of the said county of Ontario refused to allow him those given in the said town of Perrington, for Henry Fellows (and returned to him by the name of Hen. Fellows) and determined that Peter Allen was elected, and gave him his certificate accordingly.

"Your committee further report that the whole number of votes given authe said election, in and for the county of Ontario, for Peter Allen was 3695, and for Henry Fellows, including those given for him by that name, in the town of Perrington, 3825. Your committee are therefore unanimously of opinion, that the seat of Peter Allen, esq. should be vacated, and the petitioner be admitted as a member of this house."

Notice.

The Commissioners of the Tax will meet on the acond Monday in March next, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making of transfers.

By order, H. S. Harmood, Clk.

NOTICE

That the Levy Court of Anne-Arundel County will meet at the City of Annapolis on the third Monday March next, for the purpose of set-tling with the supervisors of the public roads, the inspectors of tobacco at the different warehouses, and for receiving and adjusting all claims against the said county for the year ending on that

Wm. S. Green, Clk. By order Feb. 8.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

ANNAPOLIS, THUBSDAY PEB. 29, 1816.

CELEBRATION

Of the anniversary of Washington's Birth-Day.

Thursday last being the birth-day of General Washington, a number of gentlemen met at Gambrill's tavern, on the head of Severn, where they partook of an elegant dinner, prepared by Mrs. Gambrill on the occasion. Major Philip Hammond was called to the chair as president, and Captain David Steuart as vicepresident. The day was spent with great satisfaction and harmony. After dinner the following toasts were drank:

1. The memory of our beloved George Washington, the founder of the American Republic-May every future administration remember, it was the adoption of his principles which brought prosperity to our country : experience has proved the fatal result of a departure from

2. General Robert G. Harper-The Aristides of Maryland, and disciple of Washington-elected to the senate of the United States by the popular branch of the legislature; it was not the want of patriotism, but his talents his adversaries dreaded.

3. John Jay, the incorruptible negotiutor-It was under the treaty made by him with England, our country enjoyed peace, wealth and happiness. He has lived to witness the disgrace of his calumniators.

4. The Governor and Council of Maryland.

5. John Randolph, Esquife, of Vir ginia, the able statesman, may his exertions prevail in the congress of the U. S. to expunge the order of the "previous question," and open the way to free and fair discussion.

6. Timothy Pickering, the statesman, the farmer, and cotemporary of our Washington: no country ever boasted a man more patriotic, more devoted to liberty.

7. John Marshall, the upright and virtuous chief justice of the United States; long may he live a pure disciple of Washington.

8. The union of these United States, "for an equality of contribution, an equality of benefits.

9. The Navy of the United States -May it be fostered as the policy of Washington, in defiance of those who "would not spit upon it were it in flames."

10. The army of the U. Statesmay the government remember with gratitude, the brave officers and men who nobly fought battles for an object which the administration gave

11. Federalism, the rock of safety: Democracy has been obliged to desert experimental measures, and adopt the same principles which they reviled and impeached in others.

12. John C. Herbert-When poverty and misery, had nearly ruined many, the people resolved to place their trust in his talents, virtue and patriotism, as their member of congress.

13. General Jackson, the hero of Orleans-May his fame be wafted down the stream of time, and like the Mississippi roll its rich contribution to the ocean of eternity.

14. The treaty of Ghent-Had federalists been the makers of it, and signed the sheet, the blowing horns of democracy would be sounding forth the charge of tory, corruption and British gold.

15. Commodore Perry, "his rictory of the Lake will be Era perennius.

16. Joseph Hopkinson, the member of Congress from Philadelphia -in him the sun of federalism shines with splendour, and the principles of Washington are awakened by his eloquence and reasoning.

17. The memory of John Hanson Thomas-he steadfastly supported the principles of Washington, Maryland mourns the loss of her son.

VOLUNTEERS.

By Major Hammond-May all those tools of faction who have applied the epithet of "tory" to Washington and his disciples, be held in contempt by all good citizens.

By Captain Steuart—The memory of Mrs. Washington—The first time Lever saw her was in the year 1775, in this house; may her spirit dwell in the mansions of heaven.

By Dr. Snowden-Alexander Contee Hanson.

By Brice J. Worthington-The

bonourable Rufus King. By Dr. Brown-The Governor of Marylandi.

By Thomas Furlong The Unit. ed States, may its destinies be governed by the friends of the illustrious Washington.

By Dr. Hammond-Baltimoreshe gives monuments to her brave. and graves to her enemies.

By Augustine Gambrill-Rebert G. Harper-The tried friend of his country, who anticipated the wry face of democracy, in kicking and squalling, but down it must go.

By Dr. Warfield-The late war -Although unwisely declared, federalists atchieved honours both by sea and land, which democracy claims; may the pilferer be exposed and the mantle restored to its right owner.

By Thomas Cross-Thomas Jefferson-May he do penance in the Cave of Carter's Mountain for the many injuries his experimental administration has brought on his country.

By Mr. Rezin Hammond-The memory of capt. James Lawrence: By Mr. Brice-Oceans of the federalist's best blood has been spilt in defence of their country.

By Brice J. Worthington-Jeremiah Townley Chase, Chief judge of the court of appeals of Maryland.

By Major Hammond-Charles Carroll of Carrollton-The patriot of 76, and cotemporary of Washington the frost of eighty years has covered his head, but his mind still springs forth, like verdure in the

Spring.

By Mr. Benj. Brown—The army of the United States-may a moderate peace establishment be main tained to foster military science, but not as an engine of terror or oppression in the hands of the executive.

By capt. Watson-The minority in Congress-Steadfast in the principles of Washington, and bold to assert their determination to preserve inviolate the constitution of their country.

By Mr. Benj. Brown jr .- The memory of General James Linganthe cotemporary of Washington, & patriot of 76, altho' he was murdered by an infuriated mob, a grateful country will recollect his services to establish her liberty.

By Mr. Henry Stewart-The fair sex-May each possess a friend, a lover, and protector.

By capt. David Steuart-Head of Severn, February 22d, 1816-Gentlemen, I hope we shall all meet here again on this day twelve months, at which time I hope we shall be able to bury democracy in the head of this great Gutter, if it will hold all.

LAWS OF MARYLAND:

December Session, 1815.

An act supplementary to an act to provide for the settlement of claims arising from the past or future employment of the militia of this state.

1. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the governor and council shall be charged with the settlement of all claims against the state arising from the employment of the militia of this state, in place and stead of the accountants directed to be appointed by the act to which this i ment.

2. And be it enacted, That all such parts of the act to which this is a supplement, so far as it relates to the appointment of accountants, be and the same is hereby repealed, and the resolution passed at May session eighteen hundred and thirteen, making an allowance to each of the militia accountants, be and the same is hereby rescinded.

An additional supplement to the act to regulate public ferries.

1. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this act, it shall and may be lawful for the different county courts of this state, upon the conviction of any licensed ferry keeper ofor the non performance of his duties, to fine such ferry-keeper, at their discretion, any sum of money not exceeding one hundred dollars in each and every

A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for quieting possessions, and securing and confirming the estates of purchasers.

1. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That all deeds heretofore made for conveying or passing any estate of inheritance, or freehold, or declaring or limiting any use or uses, trust or trusts, or for conveying any estate

which have been telm femes cochet, and wherein how by the cerrificate at the person persons lawfully authorised to so such acknowledgments, that it same were made agreeably to be or according to the act of the or words to that effect, although does not appear that the same made by such femes covers on povate examinations, or out of the presence and hearing of their spective hushands, shall be, and the ame are hereby declared to be the same validity and effect to pa expressed therein, as if soth knowledgment had been taken certified in the manner bereich required by law; Provided the nothing herein contained shall effer the decision of any suit now depen ing, or any case wherein a judge ment hath been obtained or when any person or persons having e ecuted such defective deed, or the claiming under them, are now. possession of the property; Prom ed also, that whenever it shall ha pen that there has been surprize mistake, or fraud, in obtaining said deed or acknowledgment, this h shall not operate to make good sa deed.

An act to repeal all such parts of a of assembly as require a luca

for retailing strong beer or citer 1. Be it enacted, by the Gent Assembly of Maryland, That those parts of any acts of assemb which require a license to reta strong beer and older, be and the same are hereby repealed.

A supplement to an act, entitled, ". act authorising the justices of t orphans courts to take sheriffs but 1. Be it enacted, by the Gener Assembly of Maryland, That fto and after the passage of this act shall be lawful for either of the ju

tices of the orphans court at the time of taking the sheriffs bonds a prescribed in the act to which the is a supplement, to qualify the she riff so bonding, in the same mana as the judges of the county coan are authorised to do, and tratimi a certificate thereof to the clerk their county court, to be by him corded, which qualification shall be valid in law, any law to the co

trary notwithstanding. 2. And be it enacted, That the qualification of any sheriff alread taken before a justice of the crpha court shall be valid and effectual

An act to authorise the sheriffs a collectors of the several counting this state, to complete their colle tions, and for other purposes.

1. Be it enacted, by the Gener Assembly of Maryland, That t late sheriffs and collectors of t several counties of this sur whose authority for making colle tions expired within the year of thousand eight hundred and fiftee be and they are hereby authorise and empowered, to collect #2 the first day of January one the sand eight hundred and sevente all balances due them as sheriffs collectors of their respective con ties, in the same manner whi they could or might have done with in the time limited by law

2. And be it enacted, That her after the sheriffs and collectors taxes of the several counties of the state, be and they are hereby a lowed the term of one year aft the expiration of the times which they shall have been respetively elected or appointed, to a lect all balances due to them! sheriffs or collectors respective in the same manner as they to or might collect such balances fore the expiration of their respetive times of serving in said office

3. And be it enacted, That he after the offices of sheriff and c lector of Baltimore county sh not be united in the same person

From the Aurora.

Congress has been sitting to teen weeks—and during all to time the manufacturing interest, active capital of which in one f is valued, upon official document at 200,000,000 dollars, is prish and suspended. But such is ! mode and such is the talents formed with power to make this has in social interests; that one of first considerations of political nomy among men who have pretensions to be statesmen, if guard against the coils of a state alteration of demand. But objet of such a nature are either too me below or too much above the or estates for above seven years; suro of our great sank projects!

der en serpres the congact sembers of congress good the best wine, in theigreat. abandance promises for all related no denials—and all, as the atterney in the farce in diss. Cheshire—it Entirely at the his good nature. Without ig to his good nature;" without other object in the world. Hisreported that the members besgress are now perfectly achas gress with the secretary of the he has been taking les-

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as from some celebrated dentist There eat his mutton, and laugh-with congenial sincerity—but he not succeeded in taking a single as by the teeth. it was very cruel of the members congress to partake of the treadianes; and afterwards refuse Esten to treasury reasoning.

The present secretary lives like oldier in the play. Who spent half a crown but of sixpence a day."

Helives at the rate of 20,000 a ar spon 5000—either he is the est disinterested man alive, orgou understand me," said Com. Brien. The contrast between the style

living of a former secretary of tressury and the present, calls fran mind an anecdote-Passing in estage by the dwelling house of former secretary, since burnt tra ty the amiables-a stranger sted pointing at the house, " roho sattere?" the coachman looking and with astonishment, replied, Fires sir!—nobody LIVES there, is the residence of the secretary

The financiering of our days, is mong the prodigies of a prodigious

Our desiciency of resources in war arose out of a want of a amial system established upon entitions not vulnerable from a-Here we know what was wanted.

is enough that we know it-not werd is offered towards a reme-A series of temporary expedients

re resorted to; there is a blank eculation; a tariff; and a botchdup electioneering scheme of spliing taxation. Now, ordinary minds would sup-

ese, that, when a great national essure was to be adopted; all the arts of the system should be newn; but this would not do; maefecturing capital to two hundred illien amount, is hung up in unenunty; a tariff is promised, of hich nobody, whose concern it is know, knows any thing; the maofictures are scattering; and the erchants know not what to import

what to countermand. Jashort, if a foreign government retto pay a man for doing its buarers, that foreign government

oold not be better served. Good living at the rate of 20,000 olars a year, is not to be had evewhere; but the members of Conthe seem not to enter into the pint of it, not perceiving perhaps be compliment intended them, then dinners and wines failed it is arprising the secretary did not call

Leers and smiles, . Laughs and wiles.

Long sword, saddle, bridle. It is reported that the secretary of threasury has found out the mem-m of congress—and that he means oretrench—economical system apters in him already, or else it is reliag because they won't let him to them so much good—he. rows, like Cassius, in the play-He has a lean and hungry look, had thinks too much: Such men re dangerous.

The embassy to France is said to and by the eyelids—as the wily this wer will not budge till he sees be result of the caucus.

A Hint to our Jacobins.

On the 22d, between 6 and 7 in the evening, as a detachment of med men from St. Cyrian, was addecing a criminal to the prison of Toulouse, the croud which collisted, cried, A bas le Jacobins! A le Brigands! &c. indicating the unities of the populate. the mipicion of the populace, rereting the prisoner. They were reting the prisoner. They were received. Seeing the croud resis, and that the error was ming credit, the prisoner turned and with an express of idigation said, 45 For God's late, laye me aland, 45 For God's late, laye me aland. tive me alone, I am no Jacobin, L. a puly a THIEF! mined the contempt of the mob. he clamours and hisses, terminatand the people dispersed. [French paper.]